How Can Existing Research Inform Better Stream and Wetland Restoration Design?

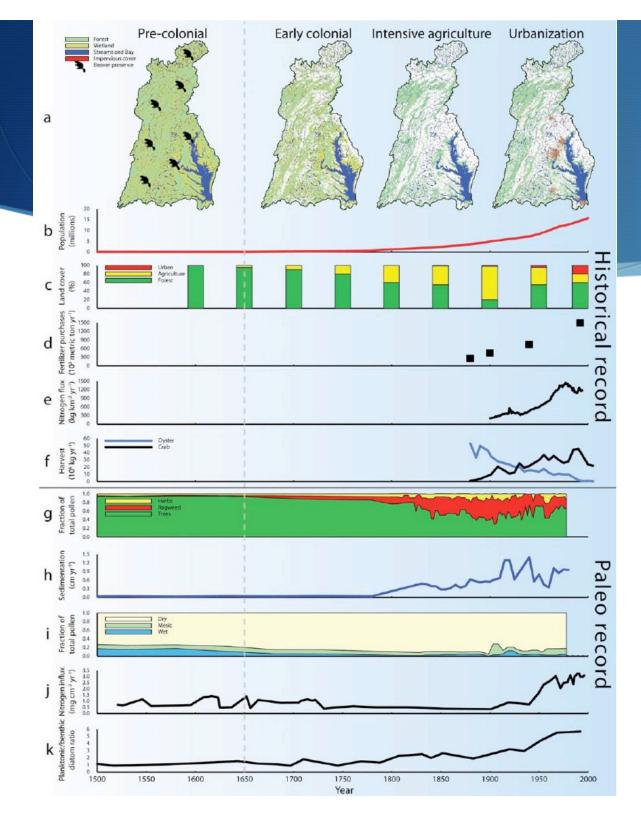
PaxCon, November 12, 2020

Erik Michelsen, Deputy Director Anne Arundel County Department of Public Works

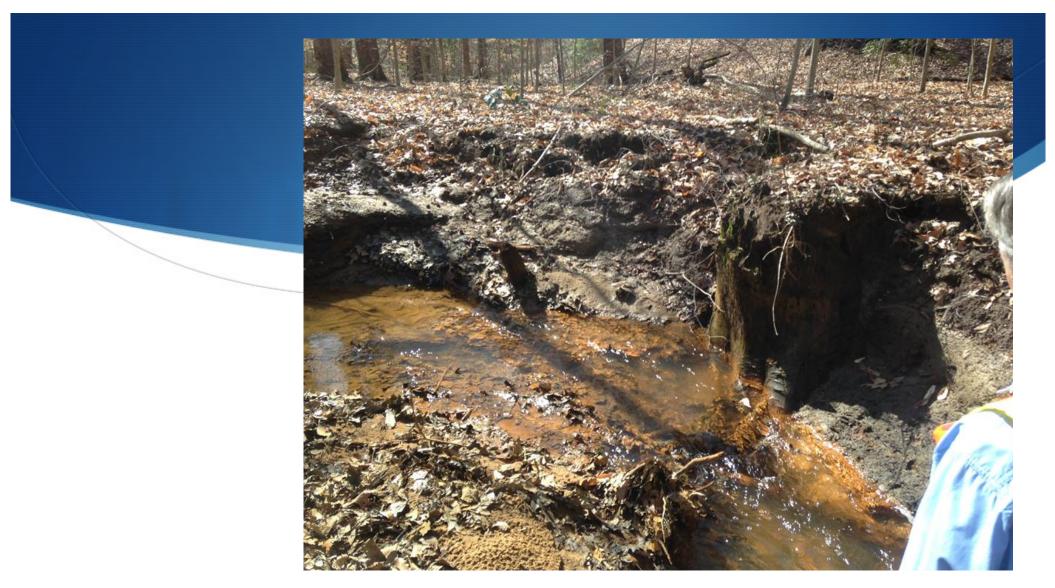




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Brush, G. (2008). Historical land use, nitrogen, and coastal eutrophication: A paleoecological perspective. *Estuaries and Coasts*. The beaver population in North America in precolonial time is estimated to have been between 60 and 400 million individuals.



"Every River where the current was moderate and sufficiently deep, the banks at the water edge were occupied by their houses. To every small Lake and all the Ponds they builded Dams, and enlarged and deepened them to the height of their dams. Even to grounds occasionally overflowed by heavy rains, they also made dams, and made the permanent Ponds, and as they heightened the dams [they] increased the extent and added to the depth of the water; Thus all of the low lands were in possession of the Beaver, and all of the hollows of the high grounds." David Thompson (1770-1857)







May be altered in headwater streams.

StreamMechanics

From Harman, 2013

Transport Reach - A stable channel that transports water and sediment without aggrading or degrading









Transport v. Retention







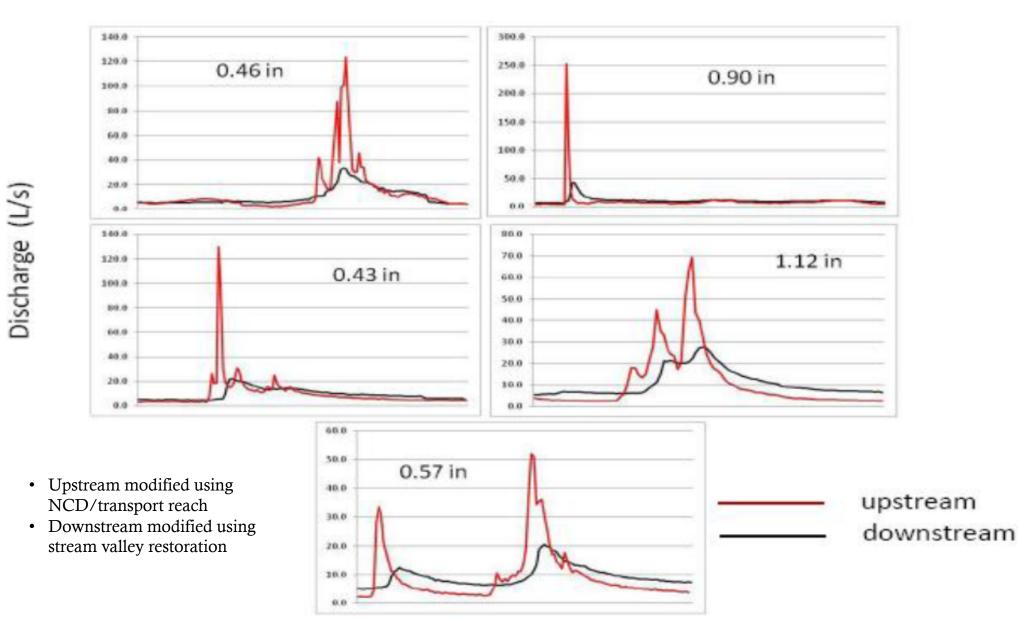






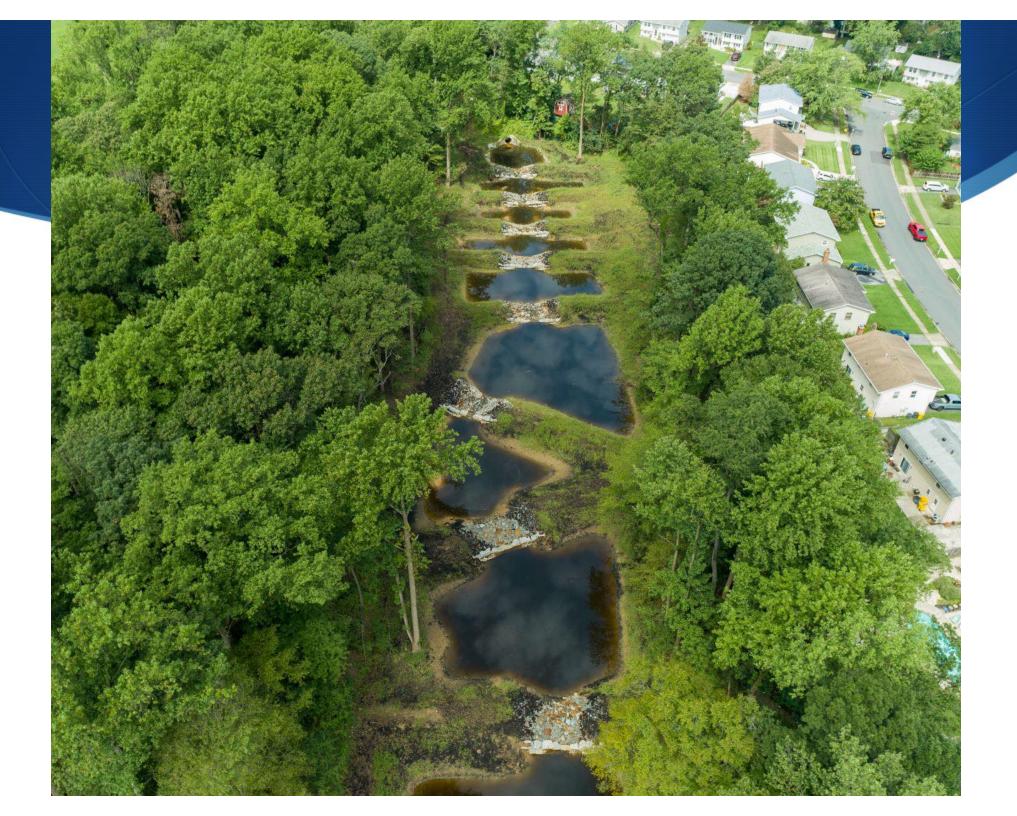






Hydrographs During Individual Storms of Two "Restored" Reaches

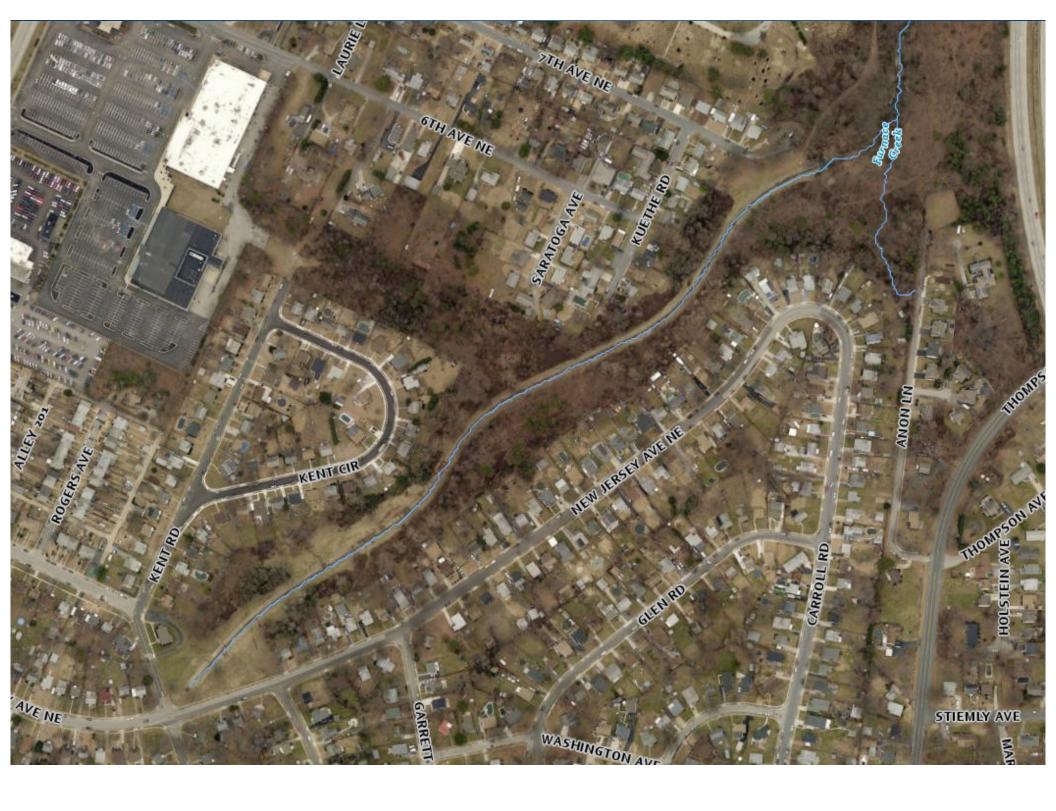


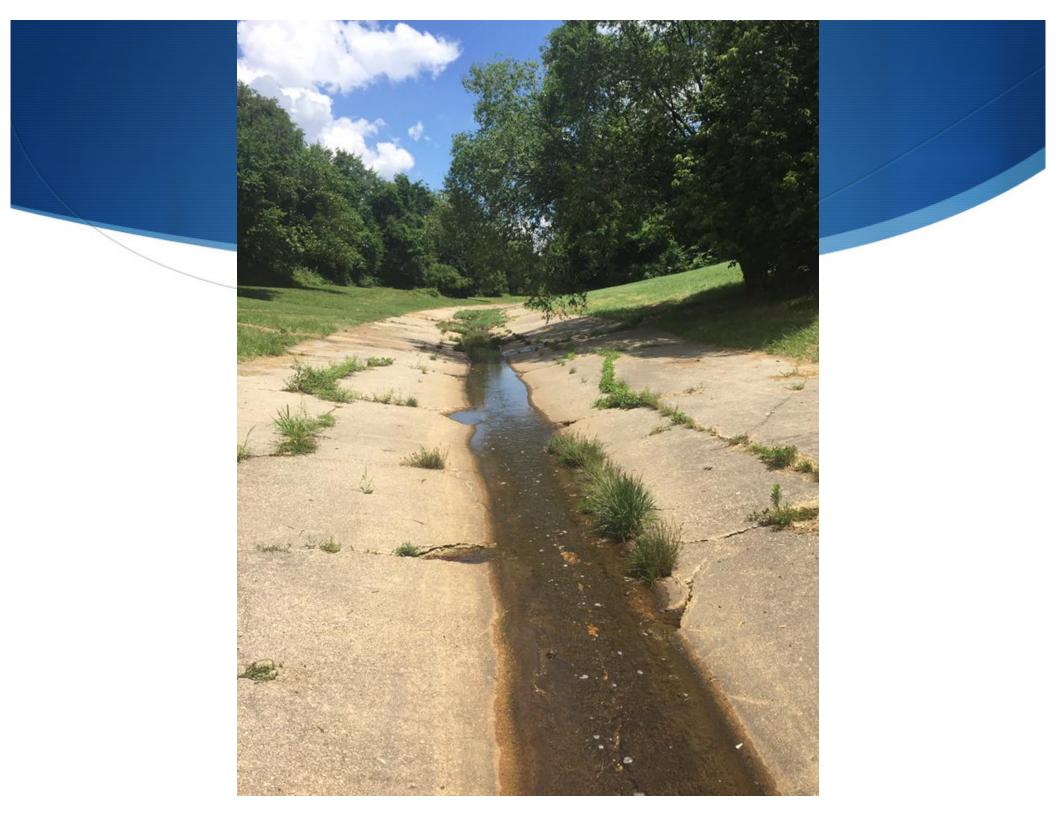














System Hydrology Drives Functionality at Every Level of the System, and "Restoration" that Does Not Improve Groundwater and Carbon Retention is Unlikely to Provide Significant Benefit in the Other Levels of the Pyramid

Questions?

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